

# The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)

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November 13 1915, Temperature 6 a.m. 71 2 p.m. 76  
Humidity 66 60

WEATHER FORECAST  
DRIZZLING RAIN  
Barometer 30.05

November 13 1914, Temperature 6 a.m. 70 2 p.m. 75  
Humidity 69 66

3071 日七月初月十年卯乙

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1915.

六月三十日十一月十一日香港 SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS.  
\$36 PER ANNUM

## TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

### GENERAL MONRO TAKES COMMAND OF BRITISH TROOPS IN THE BALKANS.

### RUSSIANS CAPTURE NUMBER OF NEW GERMAN AUTOMATIC RIFLES FIRING TWENTY-FIVE SHOTS A MINUTE.

### Greek Budget Shows A Deficit of Fourteen Million Pounds.

### THE ATTITUDE OF ROUMANIA AND GREECE.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

### MR. ASQUITH'S APOLOGIES ACCEPTED.

November 12, 6.35 p.m.  
The House of Commons freely accepted Mr. Asquith's expression of regret at the absence of the Cabinet Ministers during the Dardanelles debate, which was due to a misunderstanding.

### CREW OF THE CLAN MACALISTER LANDED.

November 12, 6.40 p.m.  
A message from Lloyd's states that thirty-eight Lancars and seven Europeans, part of the crew of the Clan Macalister, have been landed.

### THE RUSSIANS.

#### CAPTURE OF NEW GERMAN AUTOMATIC RIFLES.

November 12, 6.35 p.m.  
Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd states that the Russians have captured west of Riga a number of new German automatic rifles which fire twenty-five shots a minute.

The Novo Vremya urges the seizure of all German concessions in China from whence, it declares the Germans are supplying arms and explosives to Chinese revolutionaries and to rebels in India and are organising bomb outrages.

#### GERMANS LOSE SEVENTY-THREE MILES OF GROUND ON THE RIGA FRONT.

November 12, 12.40 p.m.  
A telegram from Petrograd states:—The Russian pressure on the Germans in the North has brought them well to the west of Mitau, where apparently an important flank movement is developing against the German positions.

The Russians are also firmly established south of Lake Sventen and west of Dwinsk, where the Germans are at present quiescent.

Altogether the Germans have lost seventy-three miles of ground on the Riga-Dwinsk front since the 4th inst.

The Russians are re-occupying twenty villages and are making a steady advance.

The Russians in the Courland Province are scoring striking successes in Volhynia, thus preventing the removal of Germans to Serbia. General Ivanoff's armies in Volhynia, during the last ten weeks, have captured 125,000 prisoners. The country offers the greatest scope for ingenious tactics, consisting of bog, forest and rising from hills sandy swamps, only traversable by earthenways of timber paths between the villages.

## TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

### THE FIGHTING IN THE BALKANS.

#### ROUMANIAN OPINION.

November 12, 12.25 p.m.  
A telegram from Bucharest sums up the attitude of Roumania and Greece as one of "watching each other intently", neither being willing to take the initiative in challenging the Central Powers. Military opinion in Roumania disapproves of the northward march of the Allies from Salonica, considering the concentration of forces farther East as essential, but regards it as indispensable that Russia should send 200,000 troops to co-operate with the Anglo-French, either disembarking them on the Black Sea coast or sending them via Rioni, on the Bessarabian frontier. Such a step would probably determine the adhesion of Roumania and Greece to the Entente.

#### IMPORTANT SERBIAN GAIN.

November 12, 1.15 p.m.  
Telegrams from Salonica dwell on the importance of the Serbian possession of the gorge at Katchanik north of Uskub, as it prevents the Bulgarian invasion from spreading to the plain of Kosovo. General Bojovitch's army which was defending the gorge, was compelled to retreat, abandoning important positions. General Prishina started for Mitrovitz but General Bojovitch, reinforced by two regiments from the Morava division and two from the Drina River, which arrived by forced marches from old Serbia, counter-attacked the Bulgarians with extraordinary violence, and reconquered the greater part of the gorge.

#### TRIFLING BRITISH LOSSES.

November 12, 1.15 p.m.  
The British lost fifteen killed and wounded in their first fight with the Bulgarians near Dairan on Saturday.

#### NEW LINES OF COMMUNICATION.

November 12, 1.15 p.m.  
Anglo-French officers have inspected the road from the Adriatic Port of Santaquaranta through Delvino, Losevitz and Koritza to Monastir, and have found a suitable passage whereby food can be got through for the troops.

#### A PREMATURE REPORT.

November 12, 6.40 p.m.  
Apparently the report of the French occupation at Kuprulu was premature.

#### GENERAL MONRO TO TAKE COMMAND

November 12, 6.40 p.m.  
A French wireless states that General Monro is expected shortly at Salonica to take supreme command of the British troops. It is suggested that this indicates a stroke of co-ordination between Gallipoli and Serbian operations.

#### GREECE AND THE BALKANS.

#### M. COCHIN'S MISSION.

November 12, 6.40 p.m.  
Reuter's correspondent at Paris states that M. Denys Cochin, Minister, without a portfolio, is going on a special mission to Greece. This is regarded as important as he is an intimate friend of leading Greek statesmen.

#### A FOURTEEN-MILLION DEFICIT.

November 12, 6.40 p.m.  
A Salonica telegram states that the Greek Budget for 1915 will show a deficit of £14,300,000.

#### A VISIT TO FRENCH TROOPS.

November 12, 2.55 a.m.  
A message from Paris reports that the French Minister M. Denys Cochin, left last night for Salonica to visit the French troops.

In the event of telegrams arriving too late for insertion on this page they will be found on the Extra.

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

### THE ITALIANS.

#### FOG AND RAIN HAMPER OPERATIONS.

November 12, 2.40 a.m.  
A Rome communiqué states that the enemy's attack in Campels Valley, supported by numerous guns hauled up the adjacent peaks, was repulsed. We continued a vigorous pressure against the mountainous ridge of Cordevole, and began to advance in the Plava sector of Isanzo and Goriz. Persistent fog and rain converting the numerous ravines into torrents hampered operations on the Carso plateau, but the Italians stormed a number of entrenchments south-west of San Martino.

## WAR TELEGRAMS.

### TELEGRAMS.

#### NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

#### CONDENSED.

Apparently the report of the French occupation of Kuprulu is premature.

It is said that the Greek Budget for 1915 will show a deficit of £14,300,000.

Twenty-eight Lancars and seven Europeans, part of the crew of the Clan Macalister have been landed.

The British lost fifteen killed and wounded at their first fight with the Bulgarians, near Dairan on Saturday last.

The Russians have captured, to the west of Riga, a number of new German automatic rifles firing twenty-five shots a minute.

A telegram from Bucharest sums up the attitude of Roumania and Greece as watching each other intently, but neither willing to take the initiative.

The French Minister M. Denys Cochin, is going on a special mission to Greece, which is regarded as important as he is a great friend of the leading Greek statesmen.

The military opinion in Roumania disapproves of the northward march of the Allies from Salonica, considering that the concentration of forces is not essential.

The members of the House of Commons freely accepted Mr. Asquith's expression of regret at the absence of the members of the Cabinet, during the Dardanelles debate.

Telegrams from Salonica dwell on the importance of the Serbian possession of the gorge at Katchanik, north of Uskub, as it prevents the Bulgarian invasion spreading to the plain of Kosovo.

General Monro is expected shortly at Salonica to take over supreme command of the British troops. It is suggested that this indicates a stroke of co-ordination with the Gallipoli Serbian operations.

Roumania regards it as indispensable that Russia should send 200,000 troops to co-operate with the Anglo-French. Such a step would probably determine the adhesion of Roumania and Greece to the Entente.

Anglo-French officers have inspected the road from the Adriatic port of Santi Quaranta through Delvino, Losevitz, Koritza to Monastir and have found a suitable passage for the transport of food for the troops.

### DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.  
Theatre Royal-Horace Goldin and Company.

Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.  
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.  
St. Vincent de Paul—Al Fresco Fete. Cathedral Compound—9 p.m.

Monday, November 15.  
Organ Recital at St. John's Cathedral.

#### HOUSE OF COMMONS REFERENC.

#### November 11, 4.45 p.m.

In the House of Commons, in reply to Sir J. D. Rees, Sir Edward Grey said the warning to the Persian Government was that if it concluded an agreement with Germany and Turkey the Anglo-Russian undertaking to maintain the integrity and independence of Persia would lapse. This was given by the Russian Minister alone, but the British and Russian Governments were acting in complete unity in Persia.

(Continued on page 5.)

## NOTICES

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Hongkong, June 11th, 1913.

LESSONS IN CHINESE

MR. LI HON FAN, a Chinese graduate versed in literature, has been a teacher to European officials and merchants in this Colony for over ten years.

He has a good method of training Europeans to pass in the Chinese examination, and is possessed of a first rate certificate as a Chinese teacher. He has also a good knowledge of Mandarin and Hakka.

Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write c/o "Hongkong Telegraph" office or direct to No. 160, Wellington Street, second floor.

Hongkong, 29th Jan., 1912.

WING KEE & CO.

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Hongkong, 3rd October, 1915

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## GENERAL NEWS.

## NOTICE.

## TEN VICTOR RECORDS

## WHICH SHOULD BE IN EVERY HOME

- 17425-a On the Old Front Porch.  
-b Ever Since You Told Me  
That you Loved Me.) Jones-Murray.  
17400-a Where Did You Get  
That Girl-Trot.  
-b That Old Girl of Mine-  
Medley Two-step.) Morton.  
17536-a La Paloma (In English)  
-b O Sole Mio (My Sunshine.) Victor Band.  
71542-a Romance Waltz-Hesitation.  
-b Ecstasi Tango.) do.  
17759-a The Four Flags March.  
-b Wake Up England March.) Turner.  
17775-a Highlanders! Fix Bayonets!  
-b The Soldiers of the King.) Edward Hamilton.  
35434-a Sicilian Vespers-Ballet  
Selection.) Herbert Stuart.  
Band of H.M.  
Coldstream Guards.  
do.  
64254-A Farewell (Kingsley-Liddle.) McCormack.  
64158-A May Morning (Denza.) Williams.  
64201-Rigaudon (Monsigny) (Violin.) Elman.

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS  
MOURIE'S.

## GEN. SMUTS' ESCAPE.

## LIST OF PASSENGERS.

Murderous Attempt at Public  
Meeting.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies forwards the following for publication:-

A meeting of the South African Party at Johannesburg on September 23 was broken up with great violence. Information was laid on morning of September 23 to the effect that an organized attack was to be made on General Smuts on the occasion of his visiting Newlands on that evening for the purpose of addressing the meeting, and the police detailed certain members of the plain clothes staff, and uniformed men if required, to attend the meeting to protect the speaker.

There was a crowd estimated at 1,500 to 2,000 present, largely composed of the hooligan element (some of whom were under the influence of liquor), armed with sticks, pick handles, &c. When the General and his party arrived on the platform the crowd started shouting and shouting and throwing eggs and pieces of rock at them, and it was apparent that they were working themselves up into a frenzy.

Eventually the platform lights were extinguished, and the mob then rushed the platform with the deliberate intention of harming the General. The police got round General Smuts to protect him, and succeeded in getting him out of the crowd to his car, but not without some members of General Smuts' party and some of the escort receiving very rough handling from the infuriated mob. The chauffeur was knocked down when he was trying to start the engine, and attempts were made to pull General Smuts out of the car, while sticks were being used freely and stones were flying in all directions.

So serious did the situation become that one of the police ultimately fired his revolver into the air. Had it not been for this action, there is every reason to believe that there would have been serious consequences as a result of the disturbance. There were two other shots fired afterwards by members of the crowd, but nobody was injured by them, and it is not known whether they were fired with the intention of doing harm or merely to impress the crowd. General Smuts returned to Johannesburg, and subsequently left for Pretoria.

Had it not been for the determined resistance of General Smuts' escort, there is but little doubt that the crowd would have succeeded in their murderous efforts to assassinate a Minister of the Crown.

If you have lost your appetite one of the big variety of dainty dishes at the ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt you.

## Prepaid Advertisements

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TO LET.—Four-roomed and three-roomed flats in Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon, with every modern convenience. Immediate possession.

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Four-roomed houses in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.

Two-roomed flats in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Windsor Lodge, Kowloon, six roomed house, Tennis Court. Immediate possession.

Apply to—  
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FINNCE CO., LTD.  
Alexandra Buildings.

TO LET.—Office on 1st Floor,  
No. 14 Pedder Street.—  
Apply Property Office, JAR-  
DINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

TO LET.—Offices at 2 Con-  
naught Road.

Offices in King's Buildings.  
Offices in Des Vaux Road  
Central.

Houses in Clifton Gardens,  
Conduit Road.

New houses in Broadwood  
Terrace.

Houses at the Peak.  
No. 21 Wongneichong Road.

No. 1 Moreton Terrace, Cause-  
way Bay.

Godowns at Wanchai.  
Godowns at New Praya, Ken-  
nedy Town.

No. 1, 2 and 3 West End Terrace  
Canton.

Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND IN-  
VESTMENT & AGENCY  
Co., Ltd.

WANTED.—Ship's Surgeon  
for a.s. "Aldenham," sail-  
ing for Australian Ports about  
28th November. For further  
particulars apply to Gibb,  
Livingston & Co.

WANTED.—Daily or resident  
nurse for two children at  
the Peak. Apply by letter en-  
closing copies of testimonials to  
"E" at this office.

WANTED.—A Matron for an  
Hotel. Married Lady or  
Widow preferred. Apply by letter  
to Hotel care of Hongkong  
Telegraph.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—4 h.p. Motor  
Cycle, late 1914 model.—  
Apply to Motor Cycle. c/o  
Hongkong Telegraph.

TO LET.—"La Hacienda" E.  
No. 74 Mount Kellett Road.

Victoria Lodge, No. 15 Peak Rd.  
Chater's Bungalow, No. 66  
Nathan Road, Kowloon.

5 Queen's Road Central.

LOST.

LOST.—Yesterday, an English  
Cat. White and Tabby. Finder will be rewarded on  
returning same to Lane, Craw-  
ford and Company.

NOTICES.

G. R.

NOTICE.

Any European, Non-Asiatic or  
Indian desiring to leave the  
Colony should apply in writing  
for permission to do so to the  
Captain Superintendent of Police,  
at least 48 hours before the in-  
tended hour of departure, giving  
name, nationality, age, sex,  
height and occupation of the  
applicant, and stating the name  
of the steamer or other vessel or  
the hour of the train by which  
the applicant wishes to leave.  
Applicants should apply in person  
for their passes at the Central  
Police Station between the hours  
of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to  
4 p.m. daily.

Hongkong 9th July, 1915.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Anyone, owing money to, or  
having claims against the estates  
of the undermentioned officers (de-  
ceased) of the 74th Punjabis will  
submit them to the President  
Committee of Adjustment, 74th  
Punjabis, on or before 15th Decem-  
ber, 1915, after which date no  
claims can be considered:

Major Stansfield, Major  
Cowan, Capt. Milne, Lt.  
Moberly.

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Single Copies, Daily, ten cents. Weekly, twenty-five cents (for each only).

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

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The "Hongkong Telegraph" is now on sale at, and will be delivered to subscribers by, the Dairy Farm Company, Ltd., Shameen, Canton, who have been appointed our agents there.

By Order,

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

## BIRTH.

MACKICHAN.—At 2, Amai Villas, Kowloon, on the 13th, instant to Mr. and Mrs. A. S. MacKichan, a son.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1915.

## THE GERMANS AND THE ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

Like the boy who broke the shovel, Count Reventlow "is always a-doin' somethin'." He has spoken his mind on submarine, on the duty of hating the British (this latter is a favourite theme with him), and on how the war is going to end; he has disgusted even some of his compatriots by his fulsome praise of General von Hindenburg, and now, to judge from the latest copy of the *Globe* to arrive in Hongkong, he has delivered his soul on the subject of the Turkish massacres of Armenians. Writing to the *Deutsche Tageszeitung*, the amiable Count says of the American demand that Germany should intervene on behalf of the hapless Armenians, that "for a German there can, of course, be no question of meddling, at the instigation of a third party, with the affairs of our Turkish ally."

"Meddling" is just the word that a German might be expected to use in such circumstances; according to him it would even be meddling to pull a blind man out of the way of an express train; but Count Reventlow has more to say than this. "If the Turkish authorities believe it opportune to take vigorous measures against unreliable, bloodthirsty, riotous Armenian elements, it is not only right, but even a duty, to do so. Turkey can always be assured that the German Empire will always be of opinion that this matter only concerns Turkey..... It is clear enough though that our enemies would be glad to see Germany undertake steps which might produce a disagreeable impression at Constantinople." Count Reventlow, is veritably the terrible infant of Germany, and, in his desire to vindicate his beloved Fatherland, he "gives the whole game away." Very naturally it answers his purpose to represent these unfortunate Armenians as a positive danger to the well-being of Europe, but why? Oh! why does he open his mouth so wide at the end of his tirade and tell the whole world that the Germans are so mortally afraid of offending the Turks that they positively dare not offer a protest against conduct which must revolt a good half of them? We can well believe that Imperial William would rather his toady-in-chief had held his tongue for once.

We have said that the Armenian massacres must be revolting to a good half of the population of Germany. But what about the other half? We endeavoured to show, in a recent leadership, that the German is not, by nature, a fighting man at all. He much prefers reading romances, handing dishes, manufacturing cheap hardware or shaving chins. But his favourite authors and orators have taught him that he must learn to brave and to endure pain manfully; therefore he has set him to work to learn how much pain can be borne—by others! He is firmly convinced that, if he looks on long enough at the infliction of torture, he will become a brave man himself; in fact there is little to choose between the average German amateur soldier and the Chinese coolie who eats the vitals of an executed pirate in the hope of the meal's conferring courage on him. This is why your German can look on unmoved while torture is administered to a Belgian or an Armenian. Even if the Kaiser were not too much afraid of the Turks to dare to interfere in the massacres, he would not do so; for, himself comfortably housed, well fed, and sheltered from every bullet or shell that flies, he expects his soldiers to learn to the full and from practice as well as from theory, the glorious Nietzschean doctrine that to pity others is to commit the unforgivable sin.

"A Stand Up Fight." That "regular stand-up fight" which took place on Thursday between two Chinese women in Morrison Hill Road must be regarded as something of a rarity for Hongkong. Chinese women can become exceedingly abusive one towards another, can occasionally poison a husband or torture a slave girl to death, but it is only seldom that one fears of a square "set-to" between a pair of them. That kind of diversion is more to be looked for in the low parts of London, Glasgow, Dublin or Liverpool. It is noticeable that the combat was caused by a monetary dispute—the sort of thing which underlies about one tenth of the fights at home and nine-tenths of those among the Chinese. It is especially interesting to observe that, while with most races a fight may arise from jealousy, drunkenness, mutual dislike which has been brooded over, politics or religion, in China the cause of the trouble is more often than not some money question. It is the more curious that this should be so, seeing that no one can call the Chinese a mean race.

## Why?

Is it their poverty that makes them so keen on the odd dollar, or do they fight on principle—because they have naturally keen heads for business and hate to be "done"? We once witnessed a fight—almost literally to the death—at Canton between two coolies and, on enquiring as to the cause, found that the two combatants each laid claim to one solitary cash! The same sort of thing, on a smaller scale, may be witnessed a dozen times in a week along the Praya here; while those who have seen the gambling coolie at his "beat"—i.e. free to indulge, undisturbed by the police, in his favourite occupation will bear us out in the statement that hundreds of deaths are brought about in a single year through fights that concern a mere matter of a few cents. Among the more respectable classes of Chinese the same spirit comes out, but in a less violent form. These leave their disputes to the courts and so make the lawyers' fortunes for them.

## ORGAN RECITAL.

At St. John's Cathedral.

The following is the programme of the Organ Recital to be given by Mr. Dennis Fuller, F.R.C.O., L.R.A.M. on Monday, November 15, at 5.30 p.m. at St. John's Cathedral.

1. Passacaglia ..... Bach.

2. Andante in D flat...C. Debussy.

3. Recit and Air... "Angels ever bright and fair" ...Handel.

Miss WILKES.

4. Andantino in D flat...E Lemare.

HYMN 477.

5. Basso ostinato.....Arensky.

6. Air... "Hear ye, Israel" ...Mendelssohn.

Miss WILKES.

7. Toccata ..... Böllmann.

In order to preserve not only

the efficiency but the life of the

Cathedral Organ very extensive

repairs occupying a period of four

months have been absolutely

necessary.

The collection is in aid of the

Organ Fund to which it is earnestly

hoped the congregation will con-

tribute liberally as the amount

in hand is short by \$200 of the

sum needed to pay for these re-

pairs, and no assistance is avail-

able from the ordinary income of

the Cathedral.

According to Mr. Archdeacon

it is first necessary to send out

a man who has had previous ex-

perience in handing Chinese

labour: one who is somewhat

familiar with the Chinese and

their peculiar temperament: He

must possess an abundance of fact

and patience, with a sympathetic

leaning towards the Chinaman,

his objects and ideals; he must

be most polite and obliging;

above all, he must be scrupulously

honest and just in all his trans-

actions, but firm in whatever

attitude he finally adopts.

The Chinaman always asks

three times the amount he hopes

to ultimately secure; consequently

he expects you to play the same

game. After you have made

your demands, both parties

amicably settle down to an amus-

ing and friendly argument, politi-

ly depreciating each other's

criticisms, but slowly and surely

reducing the price until you have

finally arrived at your predeter-

mined figure.

The writer adds that the Brit-

ish Electrical and Allied Manu-

facturers' Association and the China

Association are both atops in

the right direction. He sug-

gests that manufacturers should

see that all their agents in China

are constantly supplied with

leaflets advertising their wares

written in Chinese. The two

principal dialects are so dis-

similar as to necessitate different

translations; therefore the leaflets

should be printed in Peking for

North China, and Canton for

South China.—E. W. & C. In-

telelligence.

## DAY BY DAY.

WAR ITS THOUSANDS SLAYS,  
PEACE ITS TEN THOUSANDS.—  
Porticus.

The Weather.  
At the Peak 8 a.m. Temp. 60;  
rain.

Lower level 8 a.m. Temp. 67;  
rain.

The Mails.

Siberian Mail.—Due to-day

per s.s. Taishan.

French Mail.—Closes to-day

at 4 p.m. per s.s. At-

lantique.

Australian Mail.—Closes on

Monday at 11 a.m. per s.s.

Changsha.

Siberian Mail.—Closes on Mon-

day at 1 p.m. per s.s. Hawaii

Maru.

The Dollar.

The rate of the dollar on

demand to-day is 1/10 3/16.

Monday's Anniversary.

Monday will be the 207th an-

niversary of the birth of William

Pitt, Earl of Chatham.

Passports.

It is hereby notified that in

future all persons desiring to

land in Egypt must be provided

with passports.

Criminal Sessions.

It is notified in the *Gazette*

that, pursuant to Section 5 of the

Criminal Procedure Ordinances,

1898-1913, His Honour the Chief

Justice has ordered that the next

Criminal Sessions for the des-

patch of the business of the Court

shall be held on Monday, Novem-

ber 22, 1915, at 10 o'clock in the

forenoon.

Excursion To Macao:

The Hongkong, Canton and

Macao Steamboat Company's

Steamship *Beaungshan*, will de-

part from the Company's Wing

## WAR TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from page 1.)

## THE RUSSIANS.

GERMANS SCATTERED LIKE SHEEP.

November 11, 6.20 p.m.  
The Russian operations to the westward and southwestward of Riga are developing most successfully. Russian warships in the Gulf of Riga shelled German reserves "scattering them like sheep."

## BIG CAPTURE OF PRISONERS.

November 12, 1.20 a.m.  
According to a Petrograd communiqué, supplementary reports to hand show that the Russians captured altogether 3,571 prisoners in the action north of Kolki.

## THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

FRENCH MINERS WRECK ENEMY GALLERIES AND DAMAGE TRENCHES.

November 12, 1.20 a.m.  
A Paris communiqué reports particularly active cannonading in the Loos and Souchez sectors. Our miners, it says, obtained excellent results in several districts, wrecking enemy galleries and damaging their trenches, one of which, in Loperges, we occupied.

## ANGLO-AMERICAN EXCHANGE

November 11, 6.20 p.m.  
A message from New York states that an international committee of bankers has been organised to regulate exchange between Great Britain and the United States. The committee consists of Lord Cunliffe, Sir E. H. Holden, Sir Felix Schuster and nine American representatives. The plan contemplates an initial loan of at least fifty million dollars to which American banks will be invited to subscribe, the proceeds to be used chiefly against acceptances of cotton and grain bills.

## THE ZEALANDIA'S CARGO INTENDED FOR GERMANY.

November 12, 2.55 a.m.  
According to Reuter's correspondent at Washington it is authoritatively stated that international law was not violated by the British search of the Zealandia, which took place outside the territorial limit. There is reason to believe that she was bound for Sweden with a cargo destined for Germany.

## DEATH OF LORD VERNON AT MALTA.

November 12, 2.55 a.m.  
Lord Vernon, a captain of Yeomanry, has died at Malta of dysentery.

[Lord Vernon was born in 1888 and succeeded his father ten years later. He entered the diplomatic service, was hon. attaché at Constantinople and later at the Legation at Munich. He was one of the pages at the wedding of the late King Edward.]

## REPORT OF LORD KITCHENER'S RESIGNATION A MISCHIEVOUS FALSEHOOD.

November 11, 9.40 p.m.  
In the House of Commons Mr. J. M. Hogge (L. Edinburgh East) referring to the *Globe* case, said he believed that Earl Kitchener did resign. Mr. Asquith rose immediately and said that Mr. Hogge had ascribed to him the infamy of being a party to a deliberate and inexorable falsehood. Lord Kitchener never had tendered his resignation either to the King or himself, the only two to whom it could be tendered. Earl Kitchener had never breathed a word about resignation to him and it was a deliberate and mischievous lie, which, if it had been allowed to pass might have done the country the greatest injury. The decision to send Earl Kitchener on a mission to the East was taken on Thursday. Serious information leading to the decision was first brought to the Cabinet's notice on Wednesday.

## LORD DERBY'S WARNING.

November 11, 1.15 p.m.  
Lord Derby, Director of Recruiting, has been authorised by Mr. Asquith to state definitely that if a sufficient number of young men, not indispensable to the business of national importance did not volunteer before the 30th inst., the Government will thereafter take steps to redeem Mr. Asquith's pledge to the House of Commons on the 2nd inst. and that in that event compulsory means would be taken before married men were required to fulfil their engagement to serve.

## HISTORY WILL JUSTIFY MR. CHURCHILL.

November 11, 7.00 p.m.  
During question time in the House of Commons, Mr. Asquith said papers could not be laid on the table regarding the Antwerp expedition during the continuance of the war. He added that Mr. Churchill might treat with indifference any allegation against him. He had a good record which would be amply justified when the full story is told.

## THE DEFENCES OF LONDON.

November 11, 9.30 p.m.  
In the House of Commons, Mr. Balfour said that experts were yet unconvinced that Zeppelins were the most desirable form of aircraft, but many airships are being built for scouting purposes. The naval flying wing was being increased as fast as possible as the defence of London against Zeppelin should be largely coastal. Both guns and air defences are improving daily.

## TORPEDOED BRITISH TRANSPORT REACHES MUDROS.

November 12, 12.20 p.m.  
The War Office announces that the transport Southland, from Alexandria, was torpedoed in the Aegean Sea on the 2nd September, but reached Mudros the same day. The casualties were:—Killed 9, injured 2, missing and believed to be drowned 22.

## ANOTHER BRITISH STEAMER SUNK.

November 11, 6.20 p.m.  
The British steamer *Caris* has been sunk.

## A YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

## LEADING EVENTS IN THE GREAT WAR.

Extracts from the war news contained in the "Hongkong Telegraph" of November 13, 1914.

No Neglect.  
A Court Martial has fully acquitted Rear Admiral Troubridge (who had been in command of the Mediterranean Cruiser Squadron since 1912) of neglect in connection with the escape of the German cruisers Goeben and Breslau.

The South African Revolt: Men invited to Surrender.

A message from Pretoria says that the Government has issued a proclamation which promised an amnesty to all of the rebels surrendering before the 21st inst., the rebel leaders excepted.

Our Gold Reserve Reaches Unprecedented Figure.

The Rt. Hon. Frederick Huth Jackson, P.C., a director of the Bank of England, and a former President of the Institute of Bankers, has announced that the gold reserve of the Bank of England has reached the unprecedented figure of sixty-nine and a half millions sterling.

British Torpedo Gunboat torpedoed.

H.M.S. Niger has been torpedoed by a submarine in The Downs. The Niger foundered, but all the officers and seventy-seven of the crew were saved, of whom four were injured. It is believed that no one perished.

The Turks Routed:  
A Petrograd official message states that the Russians have turned the Turkish attempted outflanking movement at Keprikli into a rout, capturing prisoners and ammunition. The Russians have consequently occupied the whole of the Alsach-kert valley.

The King's Speech.

The King in his speech from the Throne said:—"The energies and sympathies of my subjects in every part of the Empire are concentrated upon the prosecution of the war to a victorious issue. My Mussulman subjects know well that the rupture with Turkey has been forced upon me against my will and I recognise with appreciation and gratitude the proofs they have hastened to give of their loyalty and devotion in support of my army and navy, who will continue to maintain, in full measure, their glorious traditions. We shall watch and follow their steadfastness and valour with thankfulness and pride. There is throughout the Empire a fixed determination to secure, at whatever sacrifice, the triumph of our aim in vindication of our cause. Due financial provision will be asked for the effective conduct of the war and these will be the only measures submitted before the attainment of the great purpose upon which the efforts of the Empire are set."

## APPOINTMENTS.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Subadar Bhan Singh, Hongkong Singapore Battalion, Royal Garrison Artillery, to be one of his Honorary Aides-de-Camp vice Subadar Major Mohammed Ali, Hongkong Singapore Battalion, Royal Garrison Artillery, with effect from the 7th November, 1915.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. B. Crisp, R.A.M.C., Director of Medical Services, China Command, to be a Member of the Medical Board, vice Lieutenant-Colonel F. W. G. Gordon-Hall, R.A.M.C., resigned, with effect from the 2nd July 1915.

## CRICKET.

C. S. C. C. v University.  
The following will represent the Hongkong Civil Service Cricket Club on C. S. C. C. ground at 2 p.m., to-day.

Captain R. E. O. Bird; E. W. Hamilton, E. W. Dawson, A. E. Wood, C. Sora, W. H. Edmunds, R. C. Witchell, R. G. Southerton, R. O. Hutchison, T. Deane, W. Hill.

Reserves:—C. J. Tacchi.  
Scorer:—W. Fincher.

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

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CAN ALWAYS GET FROM US THE BEST QUALITY  
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BEEF AND MUTTON  
AND  
AUSTRALIAN  
FROZEN MUTTON, LAMB,  
RABBITS AND HALES.

OUR FRESH MILK  
AND OTHER DAIRY PRODUCTS  
ARE  
THE BEST IN THE EAST.

## THE LICENSING BOARD.

SAMOAN FUNERAL FOR  
MRS. R. L. STEVENSON.

It is notified in the *Gazette* that a meeting of the Licensing Board will be held in the Coutcil Chamber at 2.15 p.m. on Monday, November 22, 1915, for the purpose of considering the following applications under the Liquor Consolidation Ordinance, 1911, viz:—

From one Paul M. Marsh for a Publican's Licence to sell by retail intoxicating liquors on the premises No. 5, Des Vaux Road Central under the sign "King Edward Hotel."

From one Jane Howard for a Restaurant Adjunct Licence to sell by retail intoxicating liquors on the premises No. 18 Des Vaux Road Central under the sign "Alexandra Cafe."

From one Donald M. Goodall for a Restaurant Adjunct Licence to sell by retail intoxicating liquors on the premises No. 14 Des Vaux Road Central.

## THE SINGER.

We take the following, which is from the pen of Mr. R. F. W. Rees, from the *Globe* of October 6. [Mr. John Kipling, of the Irish Guards, only son of Mr. Rudyard Kipling, is reported "missing, believed killed."]

There was a singer of songs—O,

a wonderful singer,  
Son of the skalds who made  
valorous songs forourselves,  
And he speeded his song on the  
wings of the wave and the  
tempest,

Calling a soul to the clay of our  
lothful desires;

Bravely he sang to his people till  
low, like an echo,

Spanning from comber to comber  
the void of the deep,

Came there the sound of a nation  
aroused from its torpor,

Came there the sighing of souls  
that are wakened from  
sleep.

Bravely he sang—and the cowards  
were vested with valour,

Robed were the lothful in  
mighty adventurous guise;

And the Angel that guards us  
our land took new heart for  
his vigil,

And looked to the war-crimsoned  
dawning with hope in  
his eyes.

Bravely he sang—and the hearts of  
the young men grew eager,

Willingly came they the best of  
their manhood to bring,

And the voice of the singer  
swelled out down the high-ways of Empire,

Calling the men of the outposts  
to succour their King

Bravely he sang—but they asked  
of him more than his  
singing,

Asked of him more than his  
wonderful children of song,

And he gave with a heart that  
with joy healed the breaking  
of sorrow,

And tendered his all that the  
arm of the King might be  
strong.

Bravely he sang—O, his song  
brings a solace to mourning,

Halving the tears that are sor-rows with tears that are  
pride's

And the song in his heart shall  
overshadow the pain and  
the weeping,

As the glory of death gives  
proud men to the anguish  
it hides.

R. F. W. Ross.

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# THE HONG KONG TELEGRAPH.

## EXTRA

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1915

### M. VENIZELOS.

#### PILOT OF GREATER GREECE.

[T. Lothrop Stoddard in the *American Review of Reviews*.]

The resounding triumph of Mr. Venizelos in the Greek elections of mid-June and his approaching resumption of that leadership of the Greek nation which he laid down after his disagreement with King Constantine in early March, focus attention upon one of the most interesting figures of our time. Indeed, Mr. Venizelos has been in the public eye for a number of years. The world is still amazed at the astounding national revival which took place in Greece during the three short years from 1909 to 1912, and all competent observers agree that for this almost miraculous transformation Venizelos is primarily responsible.

In the autumn of 1909 Greece seemed literally doomed. The disastrous Turkish war of 1897 had apparently done nothing to rouse the nation from its chaotic impotence. Year by year the meaningless squabbles of corrupt politicians had grown fiercer, and party life was becoming more and more a sordid struggle for place and preferment. Every branch of the administration was honeycombed with corruption and despotism. The army was patently degenerating, if not absolutely disintegrating. Foreign policy was conducted with a combination of bombast and crass ineptitude which had just drawn down from Turkey a stinging rebuff to which disorganized, semi-bankrupt Hellas could only bow. The popular fury at this crowning humiliation led to an uprising of the army which, under the title of the "Military League," ousted the government of the day and took control of the country.

To Western observers, friends and foes alike, this seemed the beginning of the end. In face of repudiated Slavdom and a rejuvenated Ottoman Empire, (the "Young Turks" being then high in the world's favour), Greece opposed, — pronouncements! It mattered not that the programme of the Military League was free from professional egoism and denoted a general attack on corruption, sinecures, softness, weakness in every department of public life; that the creed of these new Spartans was "Deeds, not Words." To the Western world, especially the "Liberal" philhellenic world, an army revolt meant jingo militarism. Accordingly, the gloomiest prophecies prevailed, and Greece, likened to a Central American republic, was sadly mourned as lost beyond redemption.

Of course it was quite true that Hellas was facing the supreme crisis of her destiny. Liberal critics were undoubtedly too pessimistic, for the Greeks of 1909 were in such an inextricable tangle that the sword alone could cut the Gordian knot. Nevertheless, the remedy was an heroic one, which would either kill or cure, and which would certainly kill if the cure were long delayed. For a modern State the prolonged rule of an anonymous, unconstitutional military comarilla is bound to be fatal; no matter how high-minded the original leaders may be it will soon generate a spirit of fanatic obduracy or brutal tyranny which must lead straight to ruin. The stern patriotism of the Military League may have been necessary to break the spell of factional corruption, but unless it speedily effaced itself before the constructive civilian statesmen who should canalize the rising tide within safe constitutional bounds, this tide would become

a raging, destructive flood which would leave the land worse off than before. Fortunately the patriotic heads of the Military League felt the necessity and saw the man. This man was Mr. Venizelos.

From Crete to Athens, Eleutherios Venizelos was born on the Island of Crete in the year 1864; of an ancient family which, according to tradition, descended from the medieval Dukes of Athens. Equipped with a good education gained in both Greece and Switzerland, Venizelos presently plunged into the maelstrom of Cretan politics, and by the beginning of the present century he was recognized as the strong man of the "Great Greek Island," both in peace and war. It was, therefore, with a high-established reputation that he arrived at Athens towards the close of 1909, invited thither not only by the Military League but also by the veteran politician Dragoumis, the sole and least compromised figure of Greek parliamentary life at that time.

A New Pilot for the Nation.

The strong hand of the new pilot was instantly manifest in the course of the ship of state. No

speak the truth. The Cretan deputies, Venizelos' own folk, tried to force their way into the national assembly. It was the dream of every Hellene, notably of Venizelos himself, that those Cretans should sit there. But at the moment it meant a Turkish war and defiance to the will of Europe. Venizelos drew a cordon of troops about the House, repulsed the Cretans, deported them from the country. And Athens applauded. Brave Showing Made by Greece

in First Balkan War.

Then, for nearly three years, Greece dropped out of sight. The great world was far too engrossed with international crises and local turmoils to heed what was passing in the little capital beside the Aegean Sea. Suddenly, in the autumn of 1912, the Balkan tempest broke. How would the Christian States conduct themselves in their supreme struggle with the hereditary Turkish enemy? That Bulgaria would do well everybody agreed, but concerning Greece many even in philhellenic circles, remembering 1897 and 1909, had their serious doubts. A few weeks later these forebodings were entirely dispelled. Three short years of Venizelos had resulted in a New Greece. The tragic-comedy of 1897 was not repeated. The French and English experts had done their work well, and the Hellenic forces were transformed in both spirit and performance. Of course they did not accomplish the prodigies which enthusiasts would have us believe, but, in both the Balkan wars, the Greek armies showed a steady, workmanlike efficiency and reaped a harvest of successes which left Greece in many respects the leading Balkan State.

An International Figure.

Astonished at these unexpected events, the world asked the explanation, and when Greece immediately answered, "Venizelos," all eyes were turned upon this new man. He bore the scrutiny well.

At the London Conference of 1912 his diplomatic insight won golden opinions from all observers, and at

the Peace Conference of Bucharest

at the close of the Second Balkan

War he displayed a statesmanlike

moderation which, if acted upon,

might have resulted in better

Greco-Bulgarian relations to-day.

During the Greco-Turkish crisis

which threatened the Near East

with fresh conflagration during

the greater part of the year 1914,

Venizelos showed a happy combi-

nation of tact and firmness

which ended by averting a Greco-

Turkish clash for the moment and

for what then appeared to be the

near future.

The Great War Reaches the Near

East.

But scarcely had this storm-

cloud been dissipated when the

mighty tempest of the Great War

broke over Europe and presently

spread to the Near East with

Turkey's entrance into the struggle at the beginning of November, 1914. All those problems which

Venizelos had so fondly hoped

were long adjourned rose quiver-

ing for solution, and the little

Balkan peoples, exhausted by

their recent conflicts though they

were, saw their destinies flung

into the boiling cauldron of a

world-war. Aided by this death-

grapple of titans beside whom

they themselves were but pyg-

mites, the Balkan peoples eat-

watching the dread mèlée, eager

to share in the rich spoils of

victory, yet chilled by the knowledge

that a single miscalculation might

mean national death.

It was this inability to pick the

winner which kept Balkan public

opinion fairly solid for present

neutrality during the first six

months of the Great War. But,

toward the close of winter, this

neutrality was subjected to an

unparalleled strain. In mid-

February a great Anglo-French

fleet, the mightiest armada of

modern times, attacked the Dar-

danelles. This was touching the

very heart of the Eastern ques-

tion. If the Straits were forced

and Constantinople fell, the whole vast Ottoman heritage would lie at the Allies' feet, to be disposed of at their good will and pleasure. Things looked very well for the Allies during those February days, when Dardanelles forts crumbled beneath the rain of dreadnought shells and Russia's hosts breasted the Carpathian mountain crests and looked down upon the plains of Hungary. Safety and self-interest alike seemed beckoning along the same path, and the Balkan States accordingly stirred with pro-Ally sentiment from end to end.

Greece and the Allies.

To France and England Greece was bound by many ties of sympathy and gratitude. These two nations had been the prime architects of Greece's national existence and had always shown themselves her friends. On the other side, Germany alone had proven herself well disposed to Greece. Austria had long coveted as the goal of her eastern "Drang" Salonica, the apple of the Greek eye, while Turkey, the hereditary foe, menace Hellenism throughout Asia Minor with destruction. Lastly, Bulgaria, burning for revenge since the late Balkan war, and inconsolable over lost Macedonia, stood in the closest relations to both the Teutonic Powers and the Ottoman Empire.

Such was the situation when high temptation came to Greece. As the February days sped by it became increasingly clear that the Allied armada could not batter a way through the Dardanelles; that an army was needed to supplement the work of the dreadnoughts and to consolidate their gains. Now Allied troops were none too plenty in the Levant and could ill be spared from the battlefields of the West. Accordingly, Allied diplomacy cast about to remedy this defect by bringing new recruits to their banner. And Greece seemed the most likely possibility. Next door to the scene of action, bitterly hostile to Turkey and well disposed towards England and France, her sympathies were primed by her self-interest. For the whole Aegean shore of Asia Minor is thickly peopled by Greeks eager to follow their island neighbours into union with the Hellenic Kingdom. Such was the bait held out to Greece by Allied diplomacy, and Venizelos promptly accepted it on principle, offering Greek armies for the Dardanelles campaign in return for an Allied promise of a broad slice of Asia Minor stretching from a point just south of the Dardanelles right athwart Asia Minor to the southern coast on the Mediterranean Sea. This area would double the size of the existing Kingdom of Greece and, under good government, would ultimately support several million inhabitants.

The prospect was for Greek patriots an intoxicating one, but it was open to two serious objections. The first of these was the attitude of Bulgaria. As a result of the Second Balkan War Greece and Serbia seized Macedonia and divided it between them. But Macedonia is, to Bulgaria, the sum of all her hopes. For it she fought the Balkan wars, deprived of it she suffers an unceasable grief, an unslaked thirst for revenge. Greece and Serbia know this well and ever since the late Balkan conflict they have been in close alliance against Bulgaria, mutually guaranteeing their respective Macedonian territories and promising not to cede any part of Macedonia to Bulgaria without common consent. So long as peace reigned in the Balkans this afforded them ample security, but since the outbreak of the Great War Serbia had been worn to a shadow in her struggle against Austria, and Greece was thus left alone in face of the implacable Bulgarian foe. Accordingly when the Greek General Staff was informed of Venizelos' negotiations with the Allied Powers, it declared unanimously

that a Dardanelles campaign was impossible unless Bulgaria's quiescence was first secured; that the whole Greek army was none too strong for the task of guarding Macedonia from Bulgarian invasion and that to divert a large part of it overseas would be to court disaster.

Negotiations With Bulgaria.

Venizelos thereupon approached Bulgaria, and was told that Bulgaria would remain neutral if Serbia would cede most of her Macedonian conquests while Greece should yield those rich Aegean coast districts Kavala, Drama, and Serres which stretch so provokingly eastwards, cutting off the Bulgarian hinterland from the sea. This was, of course, a price far above what Greece was willing to pay; nevertheless, Venizelos attempted to compromise, agreeing to waive the Greek veto on Serbian cessions of Macedonian territory as the reward of Bulgarian neutrality, and further offering to cede Kavala and Drama if Bulgaria would join Greece in a common attack upon the Ottoman Empire. Here however, Venizelos encountered a double obstacle. Bulgaria absolutely refused to consider these terms, while Greece itself pronounced emphatically against any Macedonian cessions to Bulgaria whatever. The passions roused by the late Balkan wars shared by all the Balkan peoples, and if the Bulgarian hates the Greek, with equal intensity. An English student of Balkan affairs did not exaggerate when he recently wrote, "the hatred of the Greek for the Bulgarian is something phenomenal, surpassing in bitterness all other race-hatreds in the world."

Venizelos accordingly found that most of his colleagues, including Mr. Gounaris, (after Venizelos Greece's most respected statesman), were quite unfavourable to his proposed sacrifices. As to the trend of Greek public opinion on the matter, that was plain enough. Professor Andreades, recognized throughout the world as Greece's most brilliant savant, undoubtedly voiced the feelings of the vast majority of his compatriots when he passionately condemned all plans of territorial concession to Bulgaria. "No compromises of the kind suggested," he writes, "can be acceptable to Greece. It would result in an impossible frontier, and a fresh war for the possession of Salonica would only be a matter of a few years." He expressly condemns the acquisition of Asiatic territories at the price of Macedonian sacrifices. Greece could only accept it (Asia Minor) on one condition—not to be forced to give up her strategic frontier bordering on Bulgaria; otherwise she will be at the mercy of a coalition of Bulgaria and the Power holding the interior of Asia Minor.—It would be to offer poison in a golden cup."

Greece Versus Italian Ambitions.

Furthermore, serious though the Bulgarian difficulty might be, it was not the only obstacle to the realization of Greece's Asiatic dream. The Allies had many irons in the diplomatic fire, and at the very moment when they were angling for Greek support they were no less busily courting Italy. Now it was obvious that Italy was to brave her internal difficulties and stout her traditional Teutonic allies she would have to be paid a high price. And this looked bad for Greece and Serbia knew this well and ever since the late Balkan conflict they have been in close alliance against Bulgaria, mutually guaranteeing their respective Macedonian territories and promising not to cede any part of Macedonia to Bulgaria without common consent. So long as peace reigned in the Balkans this afforded them ample security, but since the outbreak of the Great War Serbia had been worn to a shadow in her struggle against Austria, and Greece was thus left alone in face of the implacable Bulgarian foe. Accordingly when the Greek General Staff was informed of Venizelos' negotiations with the Allied Powers, it declared unanimously

that she herself the heir of Rome, once master of the entire Near East, and of the Italian maritime republics Venice and Genoa, predominant in Levantine waters throughout a considerable portion of the Middle Ages. These old claims had been vigorously asserted at the time of the Italo-Turkish War, when early in 1912 Italy seized Rhodes and the "Dodecanese," the island chain stretching a third of the way across the Aegean Sea. All attempts of European diplomacy to oust Italy from this Levantine foothold have been failures, and Italy has shown by her strenuous attitude that she regards these islands as mere stepping-stones to southwest Asia Minor, which she has openly earmarked for her own. But this is the very region which Greece has also earmarked for her own, and she regards the prospect of an Italian sphere in Asia Minor with downright terror. Strategic and commercial considerations aside, were Italy to divert thither a portion 600,000 emigrants who yearly leave her shores, she might turn southwest Asia Minor into a New Italy, and these historic Greek lands would be thus lost to Hellenism forever.

A Patriotic People.

In closing this sketch of Greece's strong man we must not forget that, great and successful as has been his work, it is the Greek nation which has made that work possible. No one however gifted, can create something out of nothing. That Venizelos, in less than three years, could transform the apparently hopeless Greece of 1897 and 1909 into the Greece of the Balkan Wars shows that the heart of Hellas was always sound. The Greeks have some serious failings but they have, also, certain high virtues, notably an ardent patriotism, rising to the dignity of a religion, and, like all real faith, this ennobles and purifies. This patriotism, joined to a quick understanding, brings it to pass that when the true interests of Hellas are clearly set forth the Greek people devote themselves thereto with such concentrated fervour as to accomplish seeming marvels in a very short space of time.

### ARMIES OF THE BALKAN STATES.

(Times Military correspondent.)

The Bulgarian order for mobilization was given out at midnight, September 22-23. It affected the 23 classes 1890-1912, to which must be added three classes with the colours, making 20 in all. The reserves mobilized were ordered to join their depots by midday, September 25. In addition, the 1913 class was ordered to appear at the recruiting offices between September 20 and October 20. Thus practically all the fighting men in the country are afoot, and it is said that two corps of Macedonians, each 30,000 strong, have also been prepared. In 1912 the Bulgarian infantry completed its mobilization by the fifth day, and the artillery and trains by the 11th day. The concentration was completed by the 14th day for the troops and first line transport, and by the 17th day for the whole Army. Allowing for improved arrangements which are usually the result of an experience of this kind, it will probably be about October 6 that the Bulgarian Army will be ready.

The Greek order for mobilization was sent out 24 hours later than that of Bulgaria. It affected the 23 classes 1892-1911, to which must be added the four classes with the colours, making 20 in all, or precisely the same number as for Bulgaria. The order was officially declared to be a measure of prudence rendered necessary by the Bulgarian mobilization. There remain some Greek classes not yet called up.

# THE HONG KONG TELEGRAPH.

## SECOND EXTRA

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1915

### FREIGHT CIRCULAR.

Messrs. Snowman and Company in their Freight Report dated Hongkong, November 13, state:—

After the issue of our last report under date of 30th ult., there has been very little business passing in any direction during the first part of the fortnight, and were it not that "liners" are profitably employed up North at least until the closing of the Northern ports, there would have been no outlet practically for ready boats on anything near a paying level. Latterly however, a more lively tone has prevailed, tonnage, after a temporary lull, is once more ensured after to load at Sigon for this port, Singapore and also for the Philippines. "Outsiders" are moving forward at the rates indicated, a couple of freight Sigon to this have been taken by vessels on the "regular run," the rate in consequence being successfully worked up from 12 cts. to 17 cts. p. p.c.t.

At the close tonnage is still in a small way looked for, medium size only, latest quotation being 20 cts., possibly 21 cts. to Hongkong, 25 cts. to Singapore and 35 cts. to Philippines.

Rice export from Sigon from January 1 to September 20 amount to total 650,740 tons as compared with 747,370 tons during the same period last year. Quotation stands for November/December shipment at \$4.84 p. c.t. Sigon.

Saigon/Philippines:—It has now been confirmed that the standing crops have been seriously damaged by the typhoons, which swept over Southern Laos recently. A charter was put through a fortnight ago on basis of 30,000 piculs at 36 cts. p. pol. to 1 port P. L. and just at the time of writing another fixture is reported of a Philippine owned vessel on basis of 42,000 piculs at 29 cents per picul.

Saigon, Java:—The position is unchanged; no fresh business concluded in the interval owing to the Export-prohibition.

Bangkok, Hongkong:—This market remains dull, and quotation unchanged at 30/23 cts. p. pol. The new crop supply is not expected to come down freely before the end of December.

Newchwang, Canton:—Some slight additional enquiry for Canton has resulted in a further fixture of a Japanese vessel at 40 sen p. pol. Very little further business is anticipated prior to Newchwang becoming ice-bound, which event is expected on or just after the 24th instant. Closing rate last year was 37 cts.

Casualties:—The British s.s. Gemini while loading at Touloum was driven ashore during a typhoon on the 27th ultimo; further details are still missing.

Coal Freights from Japan remain firm with further enquiry for fairly prompt loading at last rate paid.

Fixtures Reported:—Mojito Hongkong, Yen 2.75, Wakamatsu Amoy Yen 3.85, Port Courbet, Swatow, \$4.—Swatow Currency, Port Courbet/Canton, \$3.75 Hongkong Currency and Hongkay/Port Brant \$5.—per ton.

Sail Tonnage on the Borth:—None.

Messrs. Snowman and Company's latest advices received from London dated 1st October 1915 are as follows:—

We confirm our last freight report of the 24th ultimo.

The last week has seen a decided change in the position of freight markets, principally owing to the requisitioning of all Greek tonnage by the Hellenic Government, and rates in many directions have taken a sharp turn upwards, especially referring to coal freights and American orders. The Plate also jumped to 62/6 with Owners exceedingly anxious to get deliveries Australia for anything firm, many of them holding their boats for 70%. The opinion of the up to one or two years trading.

### OBITUARY.

Mr. F. A. Fischer.

Yesterday evening, Mr. F. A. Fischer, a resident of Kowloon, and at one time connected with the Kowloon-Canton railway and the Kowloon railway, passed away at the French Hospital, after an illness of but a few hours. He was in apparent good health on Thursday, but on yesterday morning he was compelled to go to hospital. Where he died in the evening from internal complications. The deceased belonged to Australia, was 45 years of age and was well-known in the Far East. Last year he was held up by Chinese brigands for ransom, but managed to get away on the arrival of the soldiers.

Mr. Fischer, was practically leading a life of retirement, although he had an interest in a tin and gold mine near Canton. His brother is a well-known physician in Adelaide. Deceased was a widower, and leaves no family.

The funeral takes place this afternoon, the cortège passing the Monument at 4.30.

market can be gauged by the exceedingly high rates Charterers are paying for boats for lengthy Time Charter, speedy boats having secured 20/- for 8 months, and ordinary tonnage 17/6 for same period.

Far East.—This still remains a market with very little enquiry, but owners are not prepared to reduce their rates to enable Charterers to do business as they can make much better money in other markets, and although there is now a fair amount of tonnage heading towards the East, especially from the States, we do not anticipate Charterers will be able to secure tonnage at under last rates paid.

Philippines. Charterers are still open for boats, but do not show much anxiety to secure tonnage at Owners rates.

Rice. We have no fixtures to report, although Charterers are active, and are offering increased figures in the endeavour to get Owners interested.

Java.—Further tonnage has been taken for Australia and a steamer secured 80/- to Suez, otherwise sugar Charterers are unable to do business unless at considerably lower Owners ideas.

Time Charter.—There has been a fair amount of business doing in this line, and as much as 30/- for one trip delivery States re-delivery U.K. Cont. has been obtained by a large steamer. For 12 months Transatlantic trading delivery and re-delivery State 15/- has just been paid and another steamer obtained for 6 months.

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### TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

#### THE BALKAN SITUATION.

##### PRINCE WIED AT THE BULGARIAN HEADQUARTERS.

November 12, 2.00 p.m.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Paris a Rome telegram states:—Prince Wied, ex-Mp of Albania, is at the Bulgarian Headquarters and this is regarded as a proof of Bulgaria's intentions concerning Albania.

#### GENERAL MARCHAND.

##### COMPLETELY RECOVERED.

November 12, 2.00 p.m.

General Marchand has completely recovered and shortly returns to the Front.

#### MORE FIRES IN AMERICA.

##### OFFICIAL INVESTIGATION.

November 12, 2.00 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at New York says that the occurrence of four big fires, during the last twenty-four hours, of munition factories, has led to an official investigation, with a view of the possibility of discovering a German plot.

#### THE REIGN OF TERROR IN BELGIUM.

##### THREE MORE BELGIANS EXECUTED.

November 12, 2.00 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam states that three Belgians have been executed and a fourth has been sentenced to twelve years penal servitude, for communicating to the enemy, movements of troops.

#### THE WINE CASE.

##### Alleged Bribery of an Officer.

ant whispered to him to put in a sample of wine that was not the defendant's and counted out three dollars into witness' hand. Witness took the three dollars and the defendant to Inspector Wilden. Later he went to the s.s. Wah Oi with two other revenue officers and second defendant. The latter claimed the six jars of wine and they were removed to the Revenue Office.

By Mr. Beavis:—The biggest jar of this wine was generally only a little over 3½ gallons. He did not understand second defendant to mean that he had to go and fetch a sample from the ship so the defendant would not have to go with him. He meant that he should put in a different sample. Defendant told him the jars were more than 3½ gallons.

Mr. Hutchesson:—Did he tell you that?

Witness then said the man told him he was going to say they were 3½ gallons and asked witness not to go and see them. Defendant said if the wine was of a better kind than he had reported and contained more than 3½ gallons, he surely would be fined. All this took place at the first interview. He did not report this after the first interview because the Inspector was not there.

Was there no one in the office to whom you could report the matter?—Well I wanted to report to the Inspector and he was not there.

Continuing, witness said he had seen the man at the office before, but he had never spoken to him and he did not know what he was doing there. It was not true that witness had the receipt given, and the second defendant then asked the revenue officer not to bring the jars to the office and to give in another sample.

The officer said the second defendant asked him to fill an empty bottle which he gave him, to fill it with other wine the defendant's which was in the Revenue office, and represent it as defendant's. Witness refused to do this and gave him the bottle back. Defendant then ran away and came back about ten minutes later. He asked witness to meet him near the Kiangshun wharf. There the defendant

### POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

#### A PROMISE AND A WRIT.

Police Reserve orders issued to-day by Mr. F. O. Jenkins D.S.P. state:

##### Promotion.

The Hon. O.S.P. has sanctioned the promotion of Musketry Sergeant Olinchon to the rank of Musketry Inspector.

##### Joined.

Chan Sui Yuk, Lee Shui Cheong, Mok Lui Sang to No. 3 Company, J. R. Ostillo, A. F. Castillo, M. Ligores to No. 2 Company, Leung Kim Tong, Lo Koo Ying to Ambulance Company.

##### No. 1 Company.

Recruits of No. 1 Company are posted as follows:—

No. 1 Platoon—Pearson, E. H. Bunje, Penning, Thornton, Gutins, Faithfull, Allen, Alaraks, Ellis, Osborne, Balear, Kew, Cousland, Milby.

No. 2 Platoon—Fisher, Macdonald, Moore, Fyfe, Ford, Tappin.

##### Equipment.

The attention of all ranks is directed to the orders of November 12, 13 concerning the issue, etc. of kit.

Parades Central, 5.30 p.m.

Monday, November 15.—No. 2 Company, except Recruits.

Tuesday, November 16.—All Recruits of all Companies.

Wednesday, November 17.—Whole of No. 3 Company, except Recruits.

Thursday, November 18.—Whole of No. 1 Company, except Recruits.

Friday, November 19.—Recruits of all Companies.

##### Defaulters.

Defaulters' Parades will take place (if required) at the Central Police Station at 5.15 p.m. on each Friday.

#### THEATRE ROYAL.

##### The Horace Goldin Company.

Last night the Theatre Royal was again comfortably full when Mr. Horace Goldin and his company of artists gave their interesting entertainment, and the new features introduced into the program were met with very hearty appreciation. A good variety show is always certain of success, who ever was five percent more than the other preludes had passed upon in their composition.

Not I told him that it was by special arrangement with the

defendants.

At the meeting of the creditors, did not the manager say to you that the other creditors were going to be paid 28 per cent, and that the business would have to be sold to do even that?—I knew they were going to sell the business to that they could pay the 28 per cent.

If you knew that, how did you expect that the defendants were going to pay you the balance of the money they owed you?—I expected that the business would be carried on as usual under the management of Ho Yee-chung, I thought that they would just change the name.

So you looked to Ho Yee-chung for the money?—Yes.

I suppose you knew when you were making this arrangement with Ho Yee-chung that you were committing a fraud upon the other creditors?—No; I did not think that I was doing so.

I put it to you that you knew that the defendants were going to sell their business?—I did not believe at the time they were going to do so.

I say to you that there were no arrangements made with you by the defendants on March 19?—I understood there were.

The promissory notes were given to you when you came downstairs after the meeting?

Caps, instead of helmets, will be worn at all parades and guards on duty until 15th instant until further orders.

Field Day 4th instant. The Centre Section M. G. Co. will parade at Kowloon Docks at 9.15 a.m., members living in Hongkong at Statue Pier at 8.45 a.m. instead of as instructed in Corps Order No. 4 dated 11. 11. 15.

Parades.

Parades for Monday, 15th instant till.

##### Dress.

On duty until 17th instant.

H.K.V.R.

P. of W. Camp, Kowloon.

On duty until 17th instant.

H.K.V.R.

### OPIUM HAUL.

#### Another \$4,000 Worth.

We learn that the Revenue authorities made a haul of opium last night on board a ship in the Harbour. The search was made under the supervision of Inspector Wilden, and the amount was about 360 lbs. The haul is valued at about \$4,000.

#### HOCKEY.

##### H.K.V.C. v. R. E.

At the Happy Valley yesterday afternoon a very interesting game took place between the H. K. V. Corps and R. E. resulting in a win for the former by 4 goals to 3. From the half, half and right through the first half, the Regulators had a very busy time, for the Volunteers were simply running round their opponents, and were not long in finding the net. Half time result:—H. K. V. 0. R. E. 0.

During the second half the Royal Engineers were seen to a little better advantage and towards the end of the game were rewarded by 3 goals in quick succession for their efforts. A half side goal on each side was disallowed.

#### SANITARY BOARD.

The following are the orders of the day of a meeting of the Sanitary Board to be held on Tuesday next.

Letter from Government relative to the appointment of Mr. Ng Hou-ze to be a member of the Sanitary Board.

Minute from the President of the Sanitary Board re leave of absence to Inspector Fisher.

Application for permission to erect one water closet at No. 5 Chater Road, Marine Lot Nos. 102 and 103, Queen's Buildings.

Application for permission to erect one urinal at No. 9 Connaught Road Central,

## DAUNTLESS FRENCH AIRMEN.

## Stories from the Front.

Paris, October 1. The *Matin* states that during the operations in Champagne French airmen flew at a height of only 400 to 500 yards behind the German lines, effecting reconnaissances and regulating the French fire. They were subjected to an intense bombardment, and many of them returned with their machines riddled with bullets, their petrol tanks smashed up, and their engines damaged.

One of them, the *Matin* says had a most dramatic experience. At a height of 450 yards his observer was hit by a bursting shell which grazed his skull. At the same moment the pilot was hit in the stomach by a bullet. The airmen were carrying five bombs, to be dropped on certain strategic points. The machine, left to itself, began to drop. Seeing the pilot's condition, the observer hastily removed the detonators from two of the bombs, but had no time to do this with the three others, for the machine made a sudden dive forward and came down at a distance of only 50 yards from the German trenches. Fortune, however, now smiled on him. The bomb did not explode, the shot and shell whistling round him left him untouched, and he finally escaped from this fearful adventure practically unharmed.

## The Souchez Battle.

"Simultaneously with the order to attack, seven mines, each containing 1,600 lbs. of powder, exploded," said a man present at the Souchez battle. "They completed the destruction of the German trenches in front of the 'H' shaped wood, already badly battered by its long bombardment by our artillery. In the confusion which followed our men leapt from the trenches and pursued the Germans, who were bolting through the wood. The sections remaining behind explored the ravaged trenches and underground shelter, which were often 20ft. deep. As they had no desire to go down into these holes, whence it was unlikely they would come out alive, our men dropped bombs and fired their rifles through the openings, effectually preventing the occupants from coming out and taking us in the rear.

"The bulk of the men meanwhile kept close on the heels of the Germans who were running like hares, and captured the second trench in the middle of the wood. Some went further still crossing the Souchez brook behind the Germans, or going up the sunken road to Angres, but the German command soon pulled itself together and brought up strong reserves. They tried to get round the wood and cut us off, but our officers defeated the manoeuvre by calling us back to the first line captured.

Wood Mown Down by Shells.

"During the night the Germans fortified themselves in the wood, but at daybreak our artillery ended their labours. The evening before the wood looked very much like any other wood, but in a few minutes it had changed as if by enchantment; one after another the trees were mown down by shells. Soon nothing was left but stumps emerging from a jungle of bushes.

The German artillery was not idle either, but sent us a steady stream of 210 and 105 millimetre shells, which ploughed up the ground, but did not do us much harm. For a change they sent an occasional blast of shrapnel, which was borne with perfect philosophy by our men. Since they have had the new helmets they don't pay any attention to head wounds. One was hit by a fragment of shell which tore through his helmet, but only grazed his scalp.

Machine-guns in Pits.

"At 1 p.m. the guns stopped, and we were ordered to attack again. The Germans had placed machine-guns on one of the flanks, but we soon put them out of action. It was no easy matter going through the wood. The men tripped over the branches, but the shell holes proved a welcome shelter from the machine-guns.

"At first we met few of the enemy, but got a galling fire from machine-guns cleverly concealed in pits, covered over by steel plates, which made them good."

## VOLUNTEER RESERVE ORDERS.

H.K.V.R. Orders, issued to-day by Major Wakeman Commanding H.K.V.R., state:

Prisoners of War Camp and Gun Club Hill Detachment. The H.K.V.R. will relieve the H.K.V.R. on Wednesday the 17th instant.

## Next for Duty.

## Prisoners of War Camp.

Wednesday 24th inst. Sections 1 and 2 of A Co.

Thursday 25th inst. Sections 1 and 2 of B Co.

Friday 26th inst. Section 1 of C Co.

Saturday 27th inst. Sections 3 and 4 of A Co.

Sunday 28th inst. Sections 3 and 4 of B Co.

Monday 29th inst. Sections 2, 3 and 4 of C Co.

## Gun Club Hill:

Wednesday 24th inst. Sections 3 and 4 of A Co.

Thursday 25th inst. Sections 3 and 4 of B Co.

Friday 26th inst. Sections 2, 3 and 4 of C Co.

Saturday 27th inst. Sections 1 and 2 of A Co.

Sunday 28th inst. Sections 1 and 2 of B Co.

Monday 29th inst. Section 1 of C Co.

## Parades.

Recruits will parade on the Cricket Ground at 1.15 p.m. on

Monday the 15th inst., Wednesday the 17th inst., and Thursday the 18th inst., under Supt. Major Bud. Dress: drill order.

"D" Co. will parade at Volunteer Headquarters at 1.15 p.m. on

Wednesday the 17th inst., under Sgt. Major Cooke. Dress: drill order.

All non-commissioned officers will parade on the Cricket Ground at 1.15 p.m. on Thursday the 18th inst., for instruction in bayonet fighting. Dress: drill order. Officers will attend.

"A", "B" and "C" Companies will parade on the Cricket Ground at 1.15 p.m. on Friday the 19th inst. Dress: drill order.

## Signalling Section.

Parades will be held at Volunteer Headquarters on Monday the 15th inst., Wednesday the 17th inst., and Friday the 19th inst. at 1.15 p.m. Uniform must be worn.

## Musketry.

As ordered by Corps Order No. 84.

Members of "A" Co. with the exception hereunder mentioned will parade on the Cricket Ground at 7.30 a.m. on Sunday the 21st inst. Dress: drill order with topees, haversacks and waterbottles filled (no pouches), and proceed by launch to Kowloon City. Food will be taken in haversack. All exempted members must parade unless employed on Government or Military duties between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. on the 21st inst., in which case a certificate to that effect must be sent to the O. C. "A" Co. three days in advance. A special train will leave The Peak at 7.15 a.m. The following members will not attend: Pte. W. Nicholson, W. J. Pringle, G. M. Young, A. C. Dias, L. A. Cossart, W. J. Woodward, W. Hill, A. J. Carter, V. C. Parr, E. Ralph, A. E. Grapnell, A. Derby, H. G. Earle, W. J. Hodge, D. Clark, J. W. White and D. W. Tratman.

"C" Co. will parade on the Cricket Ground on Sunday the 28th inst. at 7.30 a.m. Dress: drill order with haversacks and waterbottle (no pouches).

## Postings.

Pte. W. G. Brownell having joined an allotted Corps No. 555 and posted to Co. "C" Section 1.

Pte. C. D. Sullivan having joined an allotted Corps No. 556 and posted to Co. "B" Section 2.

Pte. D. W. Tratman having joined an allotted Corps No. 557 and posted to Co. "A" Section 1.

## Dress.

At all parades of guards and detachments great coats will in fine weather be carried as bandoliers over the right shoulder, and in wet weather will be worn with equipment outside.

practically impregnable, the barrels alone protruding through a narrow slit level with the ground and invisible from a distance. Our men, nothing daunted, from behind tree stumps and from the pits kept up a steady shower of bombs, and soon drove the Germans out of the wood, over the brook, and the 'H' shaped wood was again ours, this time for

## OUR SPORTS LETTER.

(From Our Correspondent.)

## The Turf.

London, October 1. Quite the most notable event at Newmarket this week was (our Racing Correspondent "Centaur" writes) the victory of Friar Marcus in the colours of the King. The horse won the Great Eastern Handicap, and as he was scrambling past the post a head in front of his nearest competitor every person present cheered loud and long and many a man threw his hat into the air. It was an intensely thrilling scene made so by the fact that this was the first race the King has won this year and that racegoers have been waiting a long time for this opportunity to cheer and acclaim His Majesty. Many of those who saw the race will confess to some anxiety as to whether he had really won. They took it for granted that he had done so by starting the cheering before the horse had reached the winning post. The shock, indeed, would have been great and painful had it been the judge's duty to enlighten them. Friar Marcus will be recollected as the horse that won the Middle Park three years ago, and who retired into winter quarters with the reputation of being about the best two year old. How his reputation was shattered early in the year by the discovery that he could not stay and would never gain those classic honours which it was hoped he would win for the King is well known. Since then he had been put to short distance races in which he had performed only indifferently. There was, therefore, nothing to suggest that he would win the race this week, but the fact that the victory in this sense was unexpected did not deter men of all classes from shouting their joy.

Another feature of the first two days was the extraordinary ill-luck attending the horses of the well-known owner, Mr. J. B. Joel. His representatives in the valuable Buckenham Stakes, Boscombe Stakes, and Triennial Produce Stakes for three year old were each beaten only a short head which means a very few inches. In the first of those races, he ran a debutant named King's Joker, who had been pretty well tried in private. Through running a bit green half way through the race it was his fate to be just beaten by the Duke of Westminster's colt Ali Bey, a son of that distinguished racehorse, Bayardo. King's Joker is a very big two year old and on account of his size he must make a relatively better racehorse in the future than now for what he wants is time to mature and furnish. The interesting thing about him is his breeding. His sire Sander was a champion sprinter and is now one of the sires at Mr. S. B. Joel's stud. His dam Absurdity has produced such fine animals as Jest, winner of the One thousand Guineas and Oaks, and Black Jester, winner of the St. Leger. King's Joker, therefore, ought to be a high class racehorse. Certainly it is not likely that Ali Bey will ever beat him again on level terms.

On the following day Mr. J. B. Joel was thought sure to win the Boscombe Stakes with Silver Star, a son of Sander and Doris, the dam of the Derby winner Sunstar and of White Star, Reddiant, and Bright. Here again was distinguished breeding and the opposition seemed poor odds of 7 to 2 were given on the latest progeny of Doris. This second debutant was in difficulties a furlong or more from the finish and though he ran on stoutly he failed by a short head to beat Grimsby is a sure indication of improvement. Kitchen is once more leading the Cup holder's attack, and well as he has done in the position too much of the goal scoring has been left to him. Owing to the fixtures Leicester Fosse v. Notts County and North Forest v. Sheffield Wednesday being postponed, there were only four games in the Midland section, and the most noteworthy was that in which Bradford went to Hull and both failed to score and were beaten for the first time. On the whole the Yorkshire clubs have done extremely well. For some time before the start of the season the position of Leeds City was very doubtful owing to the death

American-bred horse named Borrow. It was the fate of the Duke of Westminster's colt to meet more than his match in Mr. Hulton's Atheling, who was making a first appearance on a racecourse. The winner is a handsome son of Desmond and was bred by his owner at the Olieveley Stud. No better looking two year old has won this season and his future will be watched with much interest. Then reference may also be made to Mr. J. B. Joel's Telephone Girl who won the Linton Plate. This filly by the 1907 Derby winner, Orby, had won the valuable Bibury Stakes a little while ago. That was over six furlongs. Here she was performing over five furlongs, and though she only won by a neck from Mr. Neumann's Argos the fact remains that she won in a common canter. Most probably she is the best two year old of the season, especially over five furlongs. The curious thing is that she is a dreadful mover in her slow paces but perfect when stretched out at the gallop.

The October Handicap was won for Mr. Washington Singer by St. Eloi, who was defeated on the previous day, but no doubt it was improved going which accounted for improved form. Fiz Yama ran in this race and the show he made should not discourage those who fancy this horse for Cesarewitch.

## Football.

It is now possible to estimate the success of the new football and everyone concerned in the enterprise is satisfied both with the results already achieved and the outlook. The support accorded by the public has been quite good and provided the "gates" keep up clubs are happy in the assurance of at least covering their expenses. Throughout the country the average attendance at the matches during the first month has been over 6,000 which represents receipts of about £150. As clubs are only at home in alternate weeks this means the full revenue for a fortnight, but only in a few instances will it be insufficient to cover the standing charges of rent, etc. On the other hand, some clubs foresee a handsome profit at the end of the season. For instance, in London the takings of Chelsea, the Arsenal and West Ham have exceeded £500 during September. The actual match expenses are very small. A few shillings cover the railway or bus fares, and it is a rule that meals for the players must not cost more than 2/6d. a head. This is a vast difference from the old order of things when it was nothing unusual for a club to have to pay £20 in railway fares for all away matches. Even in the upst of last season Chelsea's bill came to over £150 a week. That expenditure is now entirely done away with.

Taking stock of the month's play there have been some queer results. There is a ready explanation of the failure of Preston North End and Bolton Wanderers, both clubs having been compelled to rely on junior local players, but there is no excuse for either Sheffield Wednesday or Derby County, who have not won a match. The Yorkshire club

have been reinforced by such men as Harrop, the Aston Villa centre half, Goodwin, the Exeter City centre forward, and Thorpe, the Northampton, goalkeeper but the football of the side has been

strangely poor. Derby County, champion of the Second League last season, have also a team which looks good and strong, but they have not gained a point until their fourth match on which they drew at Barnsley. Sheffield United, too, have just achieved their first victory, but their 0-1 win against Grimsby is a sure indication of improvement. Kitchen is once more leading the Cup holder's attack, and well as he has done in the position too much of the goal scoring has been left to him.

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have done extremely well.

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the position of Leeds City was

very doubtful owing to the death

of Ali Bey.

Ali Bey would no doubt have

won the Boscombe Stakes had he

run, but the plan was adopted of

running him instead for the Hope-

ful Stakes, a race, by the way, for

which the Derby winner Sun Star,

dead-heated in 1910 with an

## CHURCH SERVICES.

St. John's Cathedral, Hongkong.—

24th Sunday after Trinity, 14th Nov., 1915. Holy Communion (8.5 a.m.) Introit: Hymn 318.

Hymns: 180, 559, 324, 551.

Service: Morbecke. Matins (11 a.m.) Responses: Ferial. Venite: Alcock. Psalms: Robinson. Te Deum: Oakley. F. Benedictus: Garrett. Hymn in G. Hymns: 230, 197.

N.B.—Psalm 71, verses 7, 13, 14,

27 in unison. Psalm 72, verses 1, 2, 11, 19 in unison. Evensong (5.45 p.m.) Responses: Ferial.

Psalm: 18. Psalms: 126, 197.

Evening Prayer: 5 p.m. Hymn:

501. Responses: Festal Psalms:

Gloss. Magnificat: Turle—11th

Evening. Nunc Dimittis: Turner

9th Morning. Hymn: 558-243-419.

Vesper Hymn: National Anthem.

Peak Church, Kowloon.—

23rd Sunday after Trinity 7th Nov., 1915. Holy Communion

8 a.m. and 11 a.m. Morning

Prayer: 11 a.m. Hymn: 537.

Responses: Ferial. Venite:

7th Day. Psalms: Langdon

Henley-Trent. Te Deum: St.

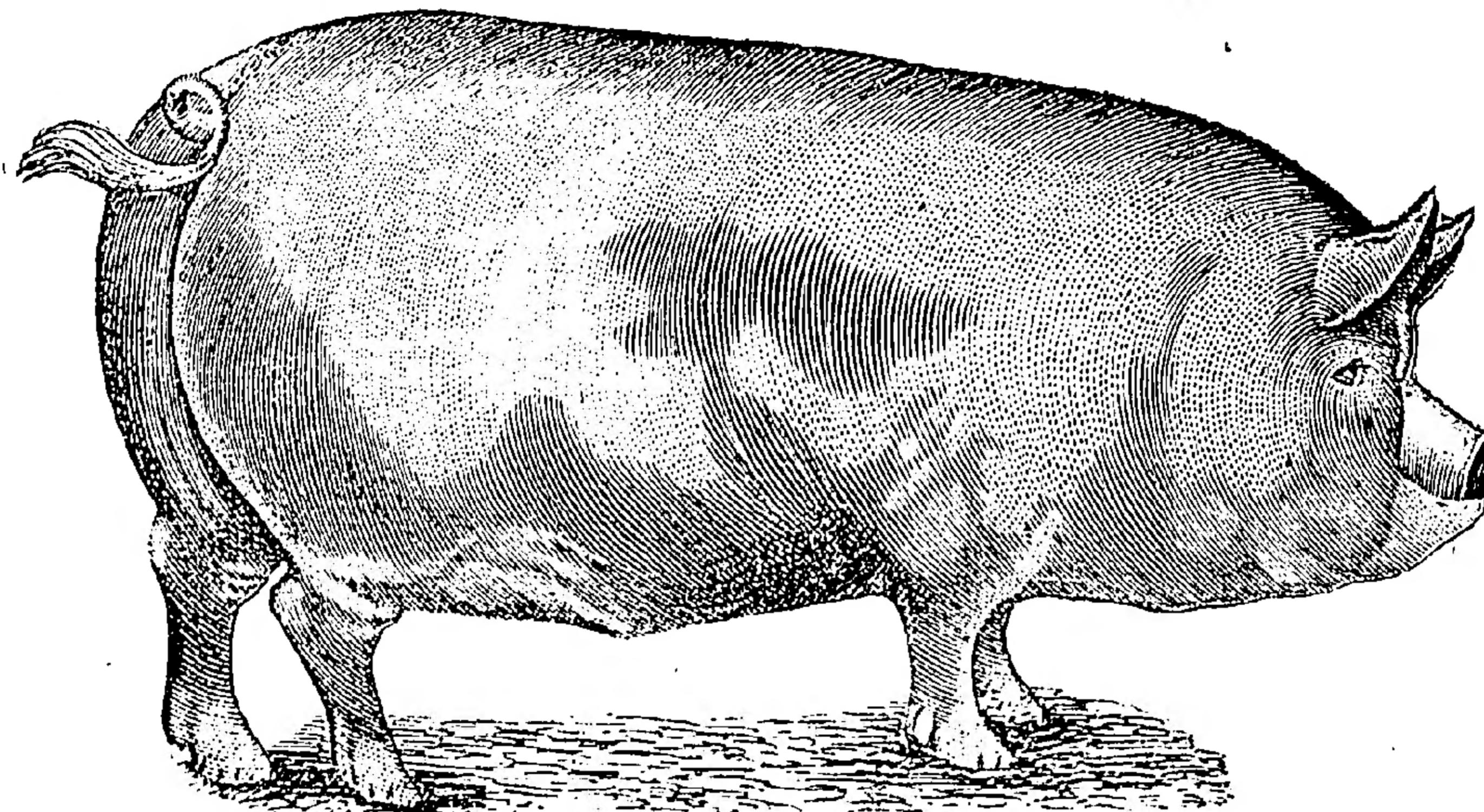
Jude. Benedictus: Garrett.

Hymn: 584-155-451. Kyrie:

Vincent. National Anthem.



# DAIRY FARM NEWS.



## OUR DAIRY FED PORK IS CLEAN, WHOLESOME & TASTY.

" NOW TO THE POINT. CHINA CAN PRODUCE GOOD PORK IN  
EVERY WAY EQUAL TO OURS. THERE IS AT HONGKONG A

DAIRY FARM  
UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT PRODUCING PORK THAT, IF  
PLACED ON THE ENGLISH MARKET, WOULD PROVE A DANGEROUS  
COMPETITOR TO THE HOME, AMERICAN AND COLONIAL PRODUCT.

" THE PIGS THERE ARE REARED UNDER SANITARY CONDITIONS  
AND THE PORK IS OF EXQUISITE QUALITY." —JOHN BULL,  
LONDON, 17, FEB. 1912.

**SUCKING PIG.**

**CORNED PORK.**

# SHARE REPORT.

## COMPARATIVE SHARE QUOTATIONS.

STOCK.	To-day's Closing Prices	Number of Shares	Par Value	Paid Up	Highest	Lowest	Highest Since 14th May.	Lowest Since 14th May.	Last Dividend and Date
Banks.									
H'kong & S'hai Banking Corp.	\$825 s.	120,000	\$125	all	855	July.	700	Oct. 845 x div. 700 c. div.	£2/3/- at 1/9 5/16 equal to \$24.21 for 1/2 year 30/6/15
Canton Insurance Office, Ld.	425	10,000	\$250	50	350	Dec.	305	Oct. 425	360
North China Ins. Co., Ld.	175	10,000	£15	£5	145	May	133	Jan. 175	160
Union Ins. Society of C'ton, Ld.	6950	12,400	\$250	100	847	April	700	Oct. 3972	\$855
Yangtze Ins. Assoc. Ld.	8260	12,000	\$100	60	210	April	192	Jan. 255	225
Fire Insurances.									
China Fire Ins. Co., Ld.	155	20,000	\$100	20	160	July	140	Oct. 420	130
H'kong Fire Ins. Co., Ld.	420	8,000	\$250	60	395	Feb.	368	April	385
Shipping.									
Douglas Steamship Co., Ld.	88	20,000	\$50	all	36	Mar.	27	Nov. 91	45
Hongkong, C. & M.S.S. Co., Ld.	19	80,000	£15	all	29	Jan.	22	Dec. 23	19
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ld.	153	{ 60,000 £5	{ 60,000 £5	all	79	Jan.	50	Sept. 159	96
Shell T'port & Trading Co., Ld.	87	3,797,610 £1	a	106/-	Feb.	70/-	Sept. 90/- x div. 82/- x div.	Final of 5/- (Coupon No 24) making 7/- for 1914	\$1.50 per share and bonus of 40 cents per share for year ending 30/4/15
Refineries.									
China S. Refining Co., Ld.	129	20,000	\$100	all	96	Feb.	70	Nov. 134	111
Luzon S. Refining Co., Ld.	374	7,000	\$100	all	31	Jan.	17	Dec. 46	27
Mining.									
Kaitan Mining Admin'nt	28	1,000,000 £1	all	41/-	Feb.	33/6	Dec.	33/6	30/-
Raub Australian Gold Min'ng Co., Ld.	31/2	200,000 £1	all	31/0	Jan.	1.90	Nov. 4	31/2	1/2 for 1909
Tronoh Mines Ltd.	28	160,000 £1	all	39/-	Feb.	19/6	Nov. 32/6	28/-	1/- interim a/c 1915 paid 12.7.15
Ural Caspians	37/6	796,666 £1	all	56/6		21/3		37/6	1/- interim 1916
Docks, Wharves and Godowns &c.									
H'kong & K. & G. Co., Ld.	76	60,000 \$50	all	89	Jan.	73	Nov. 81	68	\$3.50 for year 1914
H'kong & W'p'g Co., Ld.	484	50,000 \$50	all	77	Jan.	53	Oct. 88	57	\$3 dividend for year 1914
S'hai Dock & Eng. Co., Ld.	60	65,700 t. 100	all	60	July	50	Dec. 63	49 ex div.	Tls. 3 for year ending 30/4/15
S'hai & H'kew W. Co., Ld.	90	35,000 t. 100	all	109	Jan.	82	Dec.	93	Tls. 5 for 1914
Lands, Hotels and Buildings.									
Anglo French Lands	94	13,000 t. 100	t. 100	—	—	94	94	Tls. 61/2 for year ending 29/2/14	
H'kong Hotel Co., Ld.	109	20,000 \$50	50	128	July	120	Dec.	116	\$2.50 for half year ending 30/6/15
H'kong Land Investment Co.	108	50,000 \$100	all	117	July	98	Nov. 111	108	\$34 for year ending 30/6/15
H'phrey Estate & F. Co., Ld.	37	150,000 \$10	all	91	Jan.	74	Nov. 71	6.10	45 cents for year 1914
K'loon Land & Building Co., Ld.	840	6,000 \$50	20	45	Jan.	44	Feb. 40	40	\$3 for 1914
Shanghai Lands	105	78,000 t. 50	all	98	Dec.	89	Oct. 106	101	Dividend of 6 p.c. for 1/2 year ending 30/6/15
West Point Building Co., Ld.	872	12,500 \$50	all	73	June	66	Feb.	70	2 for half year ending 30/6/15
H'kong Central Estates	100	10,000 \$100	all	—	—	100	100	\$4.09 for 7 months ending 31/12/14	
Cotton Mills.									
Ewo Cotton S. & W. Co., Ld.	162	20,000 t. 50	all	138	July	125	May 180	152	Tls. 12 for year ending 31/10/14
Hongkong Cotton Co.	940	125,000 \$10	all	81	Mar.	94	June 9.40	7	50 cents 31/7/08
Kung Yik	814	75,000 t. 10	all	143	Jan.	11	Mar. 17	132	Tls. 1.20 for year ending 30/11/14
Lacu Kung Mow	79	8,000 t. 100	all	110	Feb.	70	Nov. 80	80	Tls. 12 for 1913
Shanghai Cottons in S'hai	90	40,000 t. 50	all	135	Feb.	70	Nov. 105	90	Dividend of Tls. 7/8 for year ending 30/6/15
Miscellaneous.									
China Borneo Company, Ld.	10	60,000 \$12	all	12	May	10	Dec. 10	10	85 cents for 1914
China Light & Power Co., Ld.	4.80	50,000 \$5	all	4.90	July	4	April 4	4	6% for year ending 28/2/06
Do. (Spec. shares)		50,000 \$1	all	4.90	July	4	April 4	4	6% for year ending 28/2/06
China Prov't, L. & M. Co., Ld.	9.80	155,000 \$10	all	9	Jan.	7	Nov. 10.10	8.00	70 cts. for 1914
Dairy Farm Company, Ld.	632	40,000 \$10	6	39	June	35	Aug. 34	34	\$1.25 for year ending 31/7/15
Green Island Cement Co., Ld.	1034	400,000 \$10	all	6.90	Jan.	5	Dec. 11	6.70	50 cts. for 1914
Hongkong Electric Co., Ld.	844	60,000 \$10	all	49	Jan.	36	Nov. 45	39	\$2.00 per share for 1914
Hongkong Ice Co., Ld.	190	6,500 \$10	all	81	July	174	Dec. 190	184	Interim of \$2 account 1915
Hongkong Rope Mfg Co., Ld.	344	60,000 \$10	all	25	June	22	Apr. 34	25	Interim \$1 for year ending 30/6/15
Hongkong Tramway Co., Ld.	54	325,000 5/-	all	18/-	July	7/-	Feb. 5.80	4.80 x div.	10% for 1914
Langkats	1.39	250,000 t. 10	all	64	Mar.	28	Dec. 42	36	Interim of T. 1 making T. 4 a/c 1913
Peak Tramway Co., Ld. (Old)	94	25,000 \$10	all	103	Jan.	94	June 10	9	70 cts. on fully paid shares and 7 cts. on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30/4/15
Do. (New)	85 cts.	50,000 \$10	all	93	cts. Jan.	75	cts. Dec.	81	5
Philippines Ld.	44	75,000 \$10	all	—	—	4	4	None	
H. Price & Co., Ld.	85	12,000 \$10	10	—	—	5	5	\$1.50 for 1910.	
Societe des Pulpes et Papier-terrier du Tonkin	220	13,200 \$50	all	—	—	20	20	None	
Steam Laundry Co., Ld.	831	20,000 \$5	all	5.00	June	4	Nov. 31	3.00	25 cts. for year ending 31/5/15
Union Water-boat Co., Ld.	816	27,723 \$10	all	22	Feb.	17	Jan. 18	16	\$1.00 per share for year ending 31/12/14
Watson and Co., Ld.	861	90,000 \$10	all	81	April	6.90	Dec. 6.90 x div. 62 x div.	60 cts. for 1914	50 cts. on old shares and 25 cts. on new year shares for year ending 30/6/14
William Powell, Limited	861	91,000 \$7	all	91	Jan.	61	Dec. 7	6	
S. C. Morning Post	829	6,000 \$25	all	30	June	92	Dec. 29	29	\$1.50 for 1914

## LATEST RUBBER QUOTATIONS.

Anglo Java Estates Ltd. Tls.	Ayer Panas (Straits) \$5.40 buyers 5.60 sellers.	Kempas (Straits) \$3.70 buyers 5.60 sellers.	Sandycroft (Straits) 5.40 buyers 5.60 sellers.
Linggis 14/9	Balgowries (Straits) \$3 1/2 buyers 3.50 sellers.	Malaka Pindas (Straits) \$1.60 buyers 1.50 sellers.	Pajam (Straits) \$10.40 buyers 10.50 sellers.
sellers 15/6	Changkat Serdangs (Straits) \$3.50 sellers.	Malakof (Straits) \$3.40 buyers 3.55 sellers.	
Nordanals 18/-	buyers 18/0 sellers 18/0		

## WRIGHT &amp; HORNBY.

Share and General Brokers 6, Des Voeux Road Central, Tel. address, Recilude.

CONNECTED TO NOV. 12, 1915.  
ANY SUBSEQUENT ALTERATIONS WILL BE FOUND IN "UP TO THE MINUTE SHARE MARKET NEWS."  
THE TELEGRAPH DOES NOT HOLD ITSELF RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE QUOTATIONS.

## SHARE REPORT.

Meers, Wright and Hornby in their weekly share report state:—  
There has been very little business doing owing to Monday and Wednesday of this week being general holidays and to the Autumn Race holidays in Shanghai.

Bar Silver is quoted at 24.7/18 per oz. for ready.  
Exchange on London opened to-day at 1/10 t. T.T. On Shanghai 78 1/2 t. T.T. and 77 1/2 for 3d/s bills.

Banks.—There have been sales of Hongkong and Shanghai Banks at \$825 and more shares are obtainable at this rate.

Marine Insurances.—There are sellers of Unions at \$950. Cantons are offering at \$425. No 10th Chinas are quiet at Tls. 175.

Yangtze are firmer at \$260 ex. 73 buyers in the north.

</

## NOTICES

GENUINE PAINTS, MIXED  
READY FOR THE BRUSH.

IN HANDY POTS OF 7 LBS. NET.

STOCKED IN HONGKONG,  
in many shades. Tint Cards on application.These Paints are especially suitable for up-country use,  
for Bungalows, Hospitals, etc., etc.

No thinning with Oil or Turpentine required.

WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, LTD.  
Alexandra Bldg. HONKONG BRANCH. Tel. 763.DIMITRINO & CO.  
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

Blum Pasha	per 100 \$4.50
Shepherd's Hotel (gold tipped)	4.50
No. 5	3.50
No. 9	2.20
Consul (gold tipped)	2.20

SOLE AGENTS:

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE.  
NY CARLSBERG BEER.The world famed DANISH brew, for years known as the finest Beer  
specially brewed for the Far East.

IT'S PURE,  
IT'S CLEAR,  
IT'S CHEAP,  
AND  
SUIT  
THIS  
CLIMATE IN  
ANY KIND  
OF  
WEATHER.



IT'S BREWED  
BY  
NY CARLSBERG  
BREWERIES,  
COPENHAGEN.  
DENMARK,  
AND  
IS OF  
BONA FIDE  
DANISH ORIGIN.

Can now be obtained from all hotels and Compradores, and from  
DONNELLY AND WHYTE.

TEL. 636

THE GENUINE ALL-BRITISH POLISH.  
**NUBIAN**  
LIQUID WATERPROOF  
BLACKING.  
Baltic polished.  
No Brushes required.  
Also a GENUINE brown boots, shoes, etc.  
Applied with sponge straight to the coat. Gives an instantaneo-  
us and durable polish, which will not  
be washed off and polish remains. Does not injure leather or silk.  
The most delicate clothing. NUBIAN MANUFACTURING CO., LTD., 2, Lorraine St., London, S.E., Eng.



AN IDEAL DRINK FOR  
SUMMER MONTHS  
**WHITEWAY'S  
CYDER**

SWEET OR DRY.

As supplied to all the leading London Hotels  
and Clubs, such as the Savoy, Claridge's, the Berkeley,  
Trocadero, Hyde Park, Royal Automobile,  
Raleigh and Conservative Clubs.

SOLE AGENTS:

H. RUTTONJEE & SON,  
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

## POST OFFICE.

## Xmas &amp; New Year Parcel Mail.

The Public are informed that the Christmas and New Year Parcel Mail to the United Kingdom will be closed in this Office at 5 p.m. on the 19th November. This mail is due in London on the 25th Dec.

The above date of departure is liable to alteration.

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Persia and Morocco cannot be transmitted.

The Services to Germany, Austria, and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

The Duty to be prepaid on Tea to the United Kingdom has been raised from 40 cents to 60 cents per lb, and Cigars and Cigarettes manufactured and unmanufactured from \$4.00 to \$6.00 per lb. on the gross weight of the parcel.

The departure of the a.s. Persia Maru is again indefinitely postponed.

Ships in communication with Cape D'Aguilar Radio Telegraph Station:-

Tanyo Maru Shidzuoka Maru  
Nanmu Tencoy  
Persia Maru Shidodoka Maru

## MAILS DUE.

Siberia, Taishan, 13th Nov.

## MAILS CLOSE TO-DAY.

Straits & Sourabaya—Per FOOSHING,  
13th inst. 2 p.m.Philippine Is.—Per YUENG-SANG, 13th  
inst. 2 p.m.Ningpo & Shanghai—Per FOOCHOW,  
13th inst. 3 p.m.Newchwang—Per CHU-SAN, 13th Nov. 3  
p.m.Saigon, Straits, Burmah, Cey-  
lon, Aden, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt & Eu-  
rope.—Per ATLANTIQUE,  
French Mch.Wel-hai-wei & Tientsin—Per CHI-  
SHING, 13th inst. 5 p.m.Wel-hai-wei & Tientsin—Per HUI-  
CHOW, 13th Nov. 5 p.m.Shanghai & North China—Per ANHUI,  
13th inst. 5 p.m.(Europe via Siberia Shanghai Br. P.O.  
Wednesday, 17th inst.)Hochow and Halphong—Per TAKSANG,  
13th inst. 5 p.m.

## TO-MORROW.

Swatow, Amoy & Formosa via Tamsui  
—Per DAI-JIN M., 14th Nov. 9  
a.m.

## MONDAY, 15th Nov.

Straits, Burmah & India via Calcutta—  
Per KAW-A-CHI M., 15th inst.,  
11 a.m.Philippines, Islands, Australia,  
Tasmania, New Zealand via  
Port Darwin & New Guinea via  
Thursday Is.—Per CHANG-  
SHA, 15th Nov., 11 a.m.Siberia, Shanghai, North China, Japan  
& via Nagasaki, Victoria Tackoma  
& United Kingdom via Canada  
& via HAWAII Nov. 1  
m.Swatow, Shanghai & North China—Per  
OHOYSANG, 15th Nov. 5 p.m.

## TUESDAY, 16th Nov.

Fort Bayard & Halphong—Per HUE, 16th  
inst. 11 a.m.Swatow, Amoy & Foochow—Per HAI-  
MUN, 16th inst. 1 p.m.Straits & Sourabaya—Per FOOSHING,  
16th inst. 2 p.m.Shanghai, N.China & Japan via Kobe—Per  
KASHIWA M., 16th Nov. 3 p.m.

Philippines Is.—Per TEAN, 16th Inst. 3 p.m.

Siberia, Shanghai, and North China  
(Europe via Siberia) Per  
LIANG-CHOW, 16th Nov. 3 p.m.

(Shanghai Br. P.O. Saturday 20th Nov.)

## THURSDAY, 18th Nov.

Straits, Colombo, Port Said London, U  
Kingdom—Per HIRAO M.,  
18th inst. 11 a.m.Batavia, Semarang, Soraesar, Macassar,  
Port Moresby via Batavia—  
Per TJI-BODAS, 18th inst. 3 p.m.

## FRIDAY 19th Nov.

Swatow, Amoy & Foochow—Per HAI-  
CHING, 19th Nov. 1 p.m.

English Mail.

Straits, Burmah, Ceylon, Ad-  
elaide, Western Australia, In-  
dia, Aden, Egypt, and Europe.

The parcel mail will be closed on

Thursdays, 18th November, at  
5 p.m.—Per NELLOR, Regis-  
tration 19th Nov. 10.15 a.m.

Letters 19th Nov. 3 p.m.

## SATURDAY, 20th Nov.

Wel-hai-wei & Tientsin — KUEICHOW  
10th inst. 5 p.m.

## TUESDAY, 23rd Nov.

Swatow, Amoy & Foochow—Per HAI-  
TAN, 23rd Inst. 1 p.m.Philippines Is.—Per CHINHUA, 23rd Nov.  
3 p.m.

## SATURDAY, 27th Nov.

Australia, Tasmania, New  
Zealand, via Port Darwin &  
New Guinea via Thursday Is.—  
Per ALDENHAM, 27th Nov.  
5 p.m.

## POST OFFICE.

Xmas &amp; New Year Parcel Mail.

The Public are informed that the Christ-  
mas and New Year Parcel Mail to theUnited Kingdom will be closed in this Of-  
fice at 5 p.m. on the 19th November. This

mail is due in London on the 25th Dec.

## SHIPPING NEWS.

## ARRIVED.

Lalsang, Br. a.s. 3,374, Mooney, 13th Inst.  
Calcutta, 27th Oct. Gen.—J. M.  
& Co.Harmasan Maru, Jap. a.s. 1,867, S. Iw-  
ana, 12th Inst.—Hongkay, 24th  
Inst. Con—M.B.K.Hue Fr. a.s. 739, A. Cornelissen, 13th Nov.  
—Haiphong, 12th Inst. Gen.—A.  
H. Marty.Attaquante, Br. a.s. 3,472, Chaibansu, 12th  
Inst.—Yokohama, 4th Inst. Gen.—  
M. Co.Paiting, Br. a.s. 1,072, F. M. Dillon, 12th  
Inst.—Tientsin, Gen.—B. & S.Liangchow, Br. a.s. 1,220, W. Bonson, 12th  
Inst.—Shanghai, 9th Inst. Gen.—  
B. & S.

## DEPARTED.

Nov. 12.

Hui-chow for Canton  
Anhui for Canton  
Ching-chow for Port Parsoval  
Choyang for Canton  
Nansang for Calcutta via Singapore  
Daijin Maru for Haiphong via Swatow  
Tencor for London via Singapore  
Kai-ko Maru for Tamsui via Swatow  
Ticijap Moji via Swatow  
Tango Maru for YokohamaCLEARANCES AT THE  
HARBOUR OFFICE.Nov. 12.  
Mandasan Maru for Muko  
American for Haiphong via Macao  
Nov. 13.  
Daijin Maru for Tamsui via Swatow  
Daijin for Palembang  
Attaquante Marosello via Saigon  
Dagup for Haiphong  
Chuson for Shanghai  
Unkin Maru No. 3 for Chinawoo  
Hui-chow for Tientsin via Wel-hai-wei  
Yuhsang for Manhi  
Anhui for Shanghai

Nov. 14.

Passeger Arrived.

Nov. 15.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 16.

Passenger Departed.

Nov. 17.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 18.

Passenger Arrived.

Nov. 19.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 20.

Passenger Departed.

Nov. 21.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 22.

Passenger Arrived.

Nov. 23.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 24.

Passenger Departed.

Nov. 25.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 26.

Passenger Arrived.

Nov. 27.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 28.

Passenger Departed.

Nov. 29.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 30.

Passenger Arrived.

Nov. 31.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 30.

Passenger Departed.

Nov. 31.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 30.

Passenger Arrived.

Nov. 30.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 30.

Passenger Departed.

Nov. 30.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 30.

Passenger Arrived.

Nov. 30.

Clearence at the Harbour Office.

Nov. 30.

Passenger Departed.

Nov. 30.